

ACS.CMDDA1 SAFETY ASSESSMENT CRITERIA INITIAL.DOMESTIC CARBON MONOXIDE/CARBON DIOXIDE ATMOSPHERE & APPLIANCE TESTING APPLIANCES BURNING 1ST, 2ND AND 3RD FAMILY GASES



Introduction

Tests gas safety competence to carry out CO/CO_2 and combustion performance testing using electronic portable gas analysers on domestic gas appliances following indication of fumes, smells, spillage or leakage of combustion products, CO detector activation etc.

CBs may adopt Competence and Criteria numbering different to that used in this document.

CB documentation may adopt wording for criteria different to that used in this document, provided the meaning is unaffected.

Range

Covers the use of analysers to determine ambient levels of CO and presence of CO_2 in dwellings, CO and CO_2 in combustion products from flueless appliances (Type A), open flue appliances (Type B), and room sealed appliances (Type C).

Pre-requisites

(CCN1/CCLP1 + CPA1), or CCN1/CCLP1 sat from 1st April 2012 or valid equivalent + as appropriate from CKR1, CEN1, HTR1, WAT1, CENWAT, DAH1, CKHB1, LAU1, HWB1 or

Valid aligned Gas Utilisation QCF or Gas Services S/NVQ.

Exclusions

The sampling of ambient levels of CO and CO_2 in non-domestic properties or combustion products from non-domestic gas appliances, the procedures required for a full incident investigation.

References and normative documents

Appliance MIs.

Portable gas analyser user's instructions.

- HSL56
- GIUSP
- BS 7967
- HSEH40.

ACS.SMB. 003.ACDND identifies Normative Documents that should be held by ACs.

Abbreviations

AC. Assessment Centre I. Initial MIs. Manufacturer's/manufacturers' instructions OP. Operating pressure Ref. Reference.

PERF	ORMANCE CRITERIA	REF	I
1.	Determine scope of investigation:		
(i)	clarify source of indication of CO (CO detector activated, customer report of fumes)		\checkmark
(ii)	identify vicinity of where fumes were first noticed		✓
(iii)	note details of all fossil fuel burning equipment in use at the time		· •
(iv)	note details of any advice previously given to occupier		· •
2.	Determine ambient levels of CO in dwelling:		•
(i)	check analyser is suitable for taking CO readings in the atmosphere; has been		\checkmark
(1)	certificated and is in date		•
(ii)	prepare analyser for use, to MIs		✓
(iii)	turn off all combustion appliances and ventilate room(s) until inside and outside		· ·
(111)	levels of CO are same; record indoor and outdoor background levels of CO		•
(iv)	set up sampling probe correctly in room to be tested		✓
· · ·	close all external doors, windows and vents and monitor CO levels for 15 minutes to		✓ ✓
(v)	ensure CO is not migrating from elsewhere		•
3.	Identify potential sources of CO as appropriate:		
<u>3.</u> (i)			-/
	confirm installation is gas tight		V
(ii)	visually examine all fuel burning appliances for:		
	signs of spillage		√
	combustion problems		∕
	incorrect flueing and/or ventilation		∕
	general distressed condition		
(iii)	follow procedures when appliance is other than a gas appliance		V
(iv)	check dwelling for possible external ingress of CO		\checkmark
3a	Commence testing of "in use" appliances		
	Open flue and room sealed appliances:		
(i)	Prepare the room/environment for sweep test		\checkmark
(ii)	Prepare analyser to conduct sweep test		\checkmark
(iii)	With appliance in operation at full rate, slowly move the sampling probe above,		\checkmark
	around and below the appliance, keeping the tip approximately 100mm away from		
	the part of the appliance/chimney system being examined.		
(iv)	Conduct the test for a minimum of 2 minutes per appliance making a minimum of 2		\checkmark
	passes around the appliance or chimney/flue.		
	(Ensure analyser is zeroed between tests)		
(v)	Test any flue joints connected to the appliance		\checkmark
(vi)	Record the maximum level of CO measured for each test		\checkmark
	Un flued appliances		
(i)	Carry out combustion checks on any unflued appliances		✓
(ii)	Record readings and check against permissible values		\checkmark
4.	investigate `suspect' gas appliances:		
(i)	list appliances that initially had been identified as 'suspect', in order of suspicion		\checkmark
(ii)	check room that had been previously checked in 2 iii - iv above and set up sampling		✓
()	tube and analyser correctly		
(iii)	test room for CO the most suspect gas appliance in operation first, all others		✓
()	progressively following		
(iv)	carry out final tests, as appropriate for all gas appliances: - spillage, gas rate/heat		✓
()	input, OPs, flame picture and combustion performance analysis		
(v)	clearly identify source of fumes		✓
	WLEDGE & UNDERSTANDING	REF	I
1.	acceptable exposure levels of CO in dwellings without due risk		
±.			
2	other courses of CO/CO, concretion into dwellings		./
3.	other sources of CO/CO ₂ generation into dwellings		✓ ✓
4.	movement of CO in buildings		
5.	dealing with other sources of CO leakage into dwellings		 ✓
6.	types of CO detectors		✓
7.	carrying out tests after activation of an electronic CO alarm 'Dwelling investigation reports'		✓
8.			

9.	'Gas appliance investigation reports'	\checkmark
10.	understanding combustion performance analysis action levels for gas appliances	\checkmark

11.			
12.			
13.			
14.	Limitations of sweep test for open-flue and room sealed appliances	~	/
15.	Detailed examination where it has not been possible to check the combustion	~	1
	performance of a suspect appliance		
16.	identification of servicing requirements for range rated and modulating appliances	V	 Image: A start of the start of
17.			
18.	effects of CO ₂ from combustion process of flueless appliances and spillage of fumes	V	 Image: A start of the start of
19.	acceptable use of test procedure within CMDDA1 is clearly recognised	V	 Image: A start of the start of
20.	Determination of ambient CO and CO ₂ in dwellings	V	 Image: A start of the start of